



# Welcome to Weight

MANAGEMENT

in Community Health:

**Bridging Systems & Care Coordination** 

We will begin at 1 PM ET/10 AM PT



Please keep your microphones on mute for now to avoid background noise. You are muted if there is a red line across your microphone icon.







# Weight MANAGEMENT

in Community Health:

**Bridging Systems & Care Coordination** 

**ECHO Session #5:** 



Getting Started: Establishing
Trust and Buy-In



# Today's Agenda

- Welcome
- Overview of Technology and Reminders
- Getting Started: Establishing Trust and Buy-In
- Case Presentation



# Technology: Your Zoom Window

### Sound

- Muting/Unmuting
- Press \*6 to unmute phone audio

#### Webcam

Please share!

### Chat

- Questions
- Sharing resources/ideas

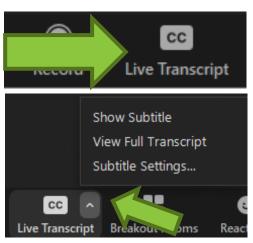








# Technology: Your Zoom Window



## **Closed Captioning and Live Transcript**

- Click on the caret or icon
- Select 'Show Subtitles' for closed captioning on screen
- Select 'View Full Transcript' for live transcript pop-out window



## **Change Your Name**

- Click on the three dots
- Click 'Rename'
- Type in your name
- Please change your name to "First Last-Healthcare Center"



## Important Program Logistics

## **Submitting a Case**

- What: Any patient or client case related to *obesity or weight* management that you find educational, challenging, or interesting!
- When: Schedule ahead of time with Humyra, hali@mwhs1.com
- How: Virtual Case Form sent to you via email
- Do NOT include patient identifying information

# **Continuing Education Credits**

In support of improving patient care, this activity has been planned and implemented by The France Foundation and Moses/Weitzman Health System, Inc. and its Weitzman Institute. The activity is jointly accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME), the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE), and the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC) to provide continuing education for the healthcare team.

This series is intended for Medical Providers (MDs, DOs, NPs, PAs), Registered Dietitians, Nurses, Pharmacists, Social Workers, Psychologists

Please complete the post-session survey and claim your CE certificate on the WeP after today's session. **PLEASE NOTE:** Pharmacists must claim credit within *two weeks* following the live session date or the Weitzman Institute will be unable to provide APCE credits.



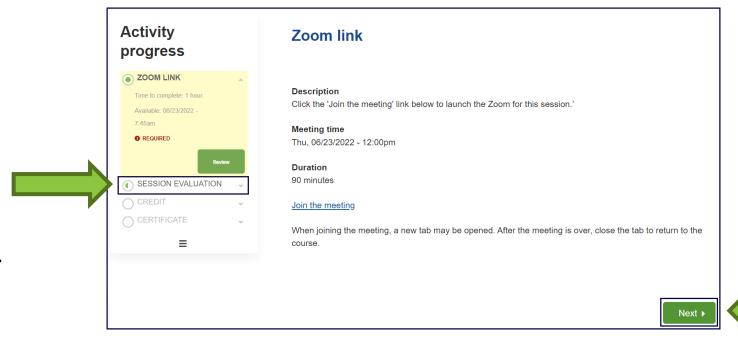


# Program Logistics Post-Session:

Completing the Session Evaluation and Claiming Your CME/CE Credit

After the live session has ended:

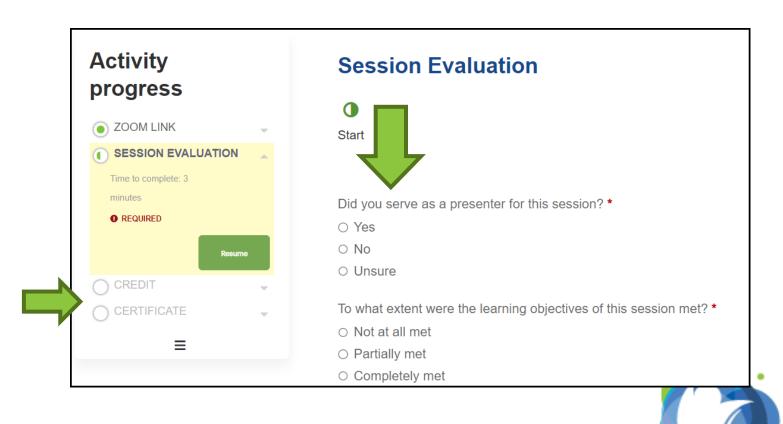
- Select the Next button
  - OR
- Select Session Evaluation in the left-hand navigation bar



## Program Logistics Post-Session:

Completing the Session Evaluation and Claiming Your CME/CE Credit

- Complete the questions in the session evaluation
- Select the **Submit** button at the bottom of the evaluation
- View your credits awarded and download your certificate by selecting them in the left-hand navigation bar



# Program Logistics: Session Recordings and Materials

All session recordings and materials shared during the session will be available on the Weitzman Education Platform within one week of each session

Overview

Sabadula

Facult

Accredi

Continue

- Return to the Overview tab of the ECHO session,
   Weitzman ECHO Weight Management in
   Community Health (November 14th)
- Scroll down to the Session Recording and Session Resources headers

You will then be able to click on **Session Recording** and **Session Resources** listed below the headers to access the resources.

Instructions will be shared with you after this session.

#### **Program Information**

In collaboration with The France Foundation, the Weitzman Institute is offering Weitzman ECHO Weight Management in Community Health. This ECHO series is a no-cost, 10-session continuing education series for clinicians who face significant challenges in community health care concerning the formal diagnosis and management of obesity. This learning series connects primary care medical providers and care team members to a community of peers and subject-matter experts to improve providers' weight management with patients. At each session, subject-matter experts provide guidance from a multidisciplinary team approach to address patients; complex health needs related to obesity to better assess, treat, and care for patients. The Weitzman ECHO Weight Management in Community Health will meet for 1-hour virtually every 2nd Thursday monthly beginning July 11th.

This ECHO series is now enrolling primary care medical providers, behavioral health providers, and other care team members including dietitians and pharmacists. All providers working in primary care settings are encouraged to join and participate. CME, CNE, CPE, and CEU credits will be provided for physicians, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, nurses, and registered dietitians, among others, by Moses/Weitzman Health System Inc., an accredited provider through Joint Accreditation for Interprofessional Continuing Education.

This activity meets the 2nd Thursday of every month from 1-2pm ET.

To access the Zoom link for this live session, select the Continue tab

#### Agenda

The Agenda will be posted within 2 days of the ECHO session

#### Presentation Slides

The slide deck is available at the bottom of this page



#### Session Recording

The recording link will be available here within 1 week after the live session.

#### Session Resources

Any resources that were shared during the live session will be made available at the bottom of the page



## Disclosure

- With respect to the following presentation, there has been no relevant (direct or indirect) financial relationship between the faculty listed above or other activity planners and any ineligible company in the past 24 months which would be considered a relevant financial relationship.
- The views expressed in this presentation are those of the faculty and may not reflect official policy of Moses Weitzman Health System.
- We are obligated to disclose any products which are off-label, unlabeled, experimental, and/or under investigation (not FDA approved) and any limitations on the information that are presented, such as data that are preliminary or that represent ongoing research, interim analyses, and/or unsupported opinion.



# Acknowledgements

This activity is supported by an educational grant from Lilly.



## The Weitzman Institute is Committed to Justice, Equity, Diversity & Inclusion



At the Weitzman Institute, we value a culture of equity, inclusiveness, diversity, and mutually respectful dialogue. We want to ensure that all feel welcome.

If there is anything said in our program that makes you feel uncomfortable, please let us know.



# Series Learning Objectives

- Outline factors that impact obesity risk and outcomes
- Identify strategies that address barriers to initiating discussions of weight with patients with obesity in the community health setting
- Utilize evidence-based interventions to diagnose patients with obesity in the community health setting
- Identify effective multi- and interdisciplinary strategies to manage the care of patients with obesity in the community health setting



# Session Learning Objectives

- Identify strategies to address barriers to initiating discussions about weight with patients with obesity in the community health setting
- Implement motivational interviewing techniques in clinical discussions with patients



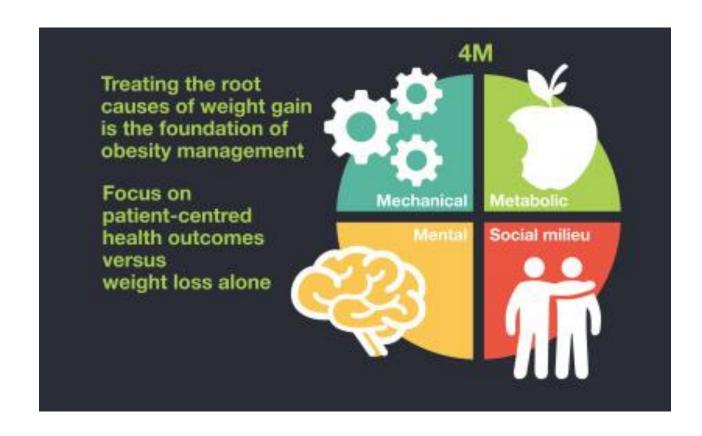
## Poll

What do you find to be the biggest barrier to discussing weight with patients in a community health setting?

- A) Concern about offending the patient
- B) Limited time
- C) Lack of training on how to approach the topic
- D) Unsure how to respond to patient emotions



# Goals of Weight Management



 When treatment planning with a patient, goals are patient-centered, agreed upon, and clearly determined





# Perceived Patient Barriers to Change

## **Extrinsic Factors**

**Intrinsic Factors** 

Physical pain

Time constraints

Dietary restrictions

Lack of support

Systems of oppression

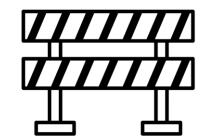
Disempowerment

Trauma

Poor self-esteem

**Emotional states** 

Apathy/insufficient motivation







# Overcoming Extrinsic Barriers to Change

## Physical pain

- Collaborate with other health care providers to develop a comprehensive pain management plan
- Encourage patients to engage in regular physical exercise if they are able

## Time constraints

• Suggest digital tools or apps to support time management and accountability

## Dietary restrictions

• Work on creating meal plans and strategies to adhere to their dietary needs while still achieving their behavior change goals

## Lack of support

- Use MI to explore and resolve ambivalence about change
- Help patients recognize and celebrate small successes to build confidence in their ability to change

Bailey RA, Wells M. Fam Pract Manag. 2018;25(2):31-36; Amiri M, Li J, Hasan W. JMIR Form Res. 2023;7:e46434; Greene J, et al. Ann Fam Med. 2016;14(2):148-154.

# Categories of Cognitive Distortions

- Black/white thinking
- Jumping to conclusions
- Should-ing and must-ing
- Overgeneralization
- Magnification and minimization
- Fortune-telling
- Comparison
- Disqualifying the positive







# Strategies to Target Thought Distortion

- Identify automatic thoughts
- Challenge the thought (keep asking why)
  - Is there evidence to support/contradict this thought?
- Produce alternate perspectives and reframe
- Keep thought records of past success and/or perseverance



These skills improve with continuous practice

Norcross JC, Hill CE. In: Norcross JC, Hill CE, eds. Psychotherapy Skills and Methods That Work. Oxford University Press; 2023; Chellingsworth M, Farrand. *InnovAiT*. 2013;6(9):584-591.



# Types of Motivation

Extrinsic motivation—
Motivation from outside oneself based on:

- Guilt avoidance
- Desire for approval

Intrinsic
motivation—
Motivation internal
to oneself based
on:

- Autonomy
- Relatedness
- Competency

Extrinsic
motivation serves
to get people
energized about
making change but
often does not
lead to long-lasting
changes

Intrinsic motivation serves to maintain long-term change by aligning an individual to personal goals and accountability

Teixeira PJ, et al. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2012;9:22.

## Poll

When discussing weight, how often do you use motivational interviewing techniques with patients?

- A) Always
- B) Often
- C) Sometimes
- D) Never



# Motivational Interviewing (MI)

 Patient-centered counseling that aims to boost motivation and commitment for behavioral change by aligning patient goals with personal values

**Pillars of Motivational Interviewing** 

Resisting the righting reflex

Understanding and exploring patient motivations

Active listening

Empowering the patient

Clinicians can integrate motivational interviewing to encourage healthy eating and active living habits for achieving and maintaining healthy weight

Kahan SI. Mayo Clin Proc. 2018;93(3):351-359.

# Theory of MI

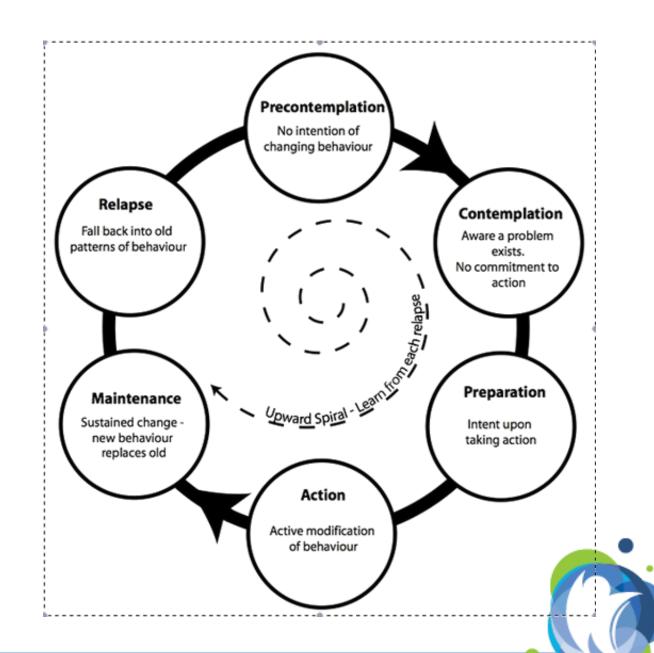
Motivational interviewing assumes that behavior change is stimulated by motivation as opposed to information

- Ambivalence to change and benefits of change are explored
- MI interventions have shown efficacy for many health-related areas where patient behavior is key to achieving long-term behavior change, such as:
  - Substance abuse
  - Medication adherence
  - Domestic violence
  - Mental health, eating disorders



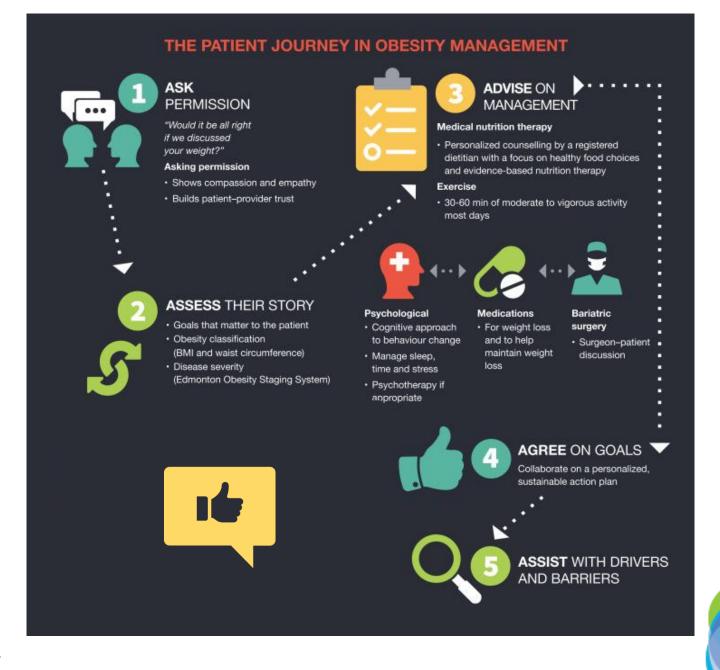
# Stages of Change

- Change is a multi-step process
- Individuals are in one stage of change at a time
- Stages of change can help inform and guide interventions



Beckwith VZ, et al. NASN Sch Nurse. 2020;35(6):344-351.

# Getting Permission



Wharton S, et al. CMAJ. 2020;192(31):E875-E891.

## Patient Centered Care

#### **Gather Information**



Ask leading questions



Clarify information by repeating back what the patient said



Do not interrupt the patient



Assess motivation confidence

### Establish Relationship



Communicate intention to help



Acknowledge emotions/ feelings



Use layman's terms to explain



Collaborate to identify the next step



terms



Instill confidence

### **Education and Counseling**



Ask questions to make sure the patient understands



Discuss specific diet, exercise, and monitoring goals



Elicit and address barriers to change



Explain the nature of obesity

US Preventative Task Force. JAMA. 2022; Politi MC, et al. BMJ. 2013:347:f7066...

# Promoting Health Benefits Positively

Many benefits of exercise that do not entail manipulating body size:

Improves sleep

Decreases anxiety/depression

Fun

Increases mobility and decreases pain

Improves bone density

Improves balance/decreases falls

**Decreases constipation** 

Improves blood pressure readings

Decreases pain

**Promotes socialization** 

Talk about diet in terms of the patient's specific diagnosis

Reduce salt intake for HTN, CAD

Reduce protein for CKD

Food in terms of fullness and energy level

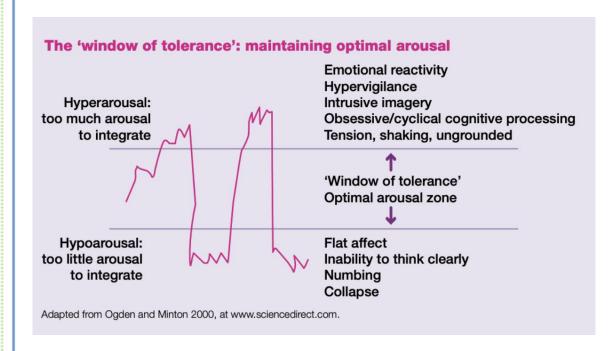
Sharma A, et al. *Prim Care Companion J Clin Psychiatry*. 2006;8(2):106; <a href="https://medlineplus.gov/benefitsofexercise.html">https://medlineplus.gov/benefitsofexercise.html</a>; <a href="https://medlineplus.gov/benefitsofexercise.html">https://medlineplus.gov/bene

## Trauma-Informed Care

- Shifts focus from "What's wrong with you?" to "What happened to you?"
- Principles of trauma-informed care:
  - Safety
  - Trustworthiness and transparency
  - Peer support
  - Collaboration and mutuality
  - Empowerment of voice and choice
  - Cultural, historical, and gender issues



## Trauma-Informed Care



- "Window of tolerance"
  - Notice body language and degree of engagement
  - Ask permission/consent before offering advice
- Relative safety
  - Stay present
  - Actively listen
  - Challenge from state of curiosity (in nonconfrontational way)
  - Check in (ie, "does this feel ok?")

Corrigan FM, et al. *J Psychopharmacol.* 2011 Jan;25(1):17-25. National Institute for the Clinical Application of Behavioral Medicine. https://www.nicabm.com/trauma-how-to-help-your-clients-understand-their-window-of-tolerance/; Geller SM, et al. *J Psychother Integr.* 2014;24(3):178-192.



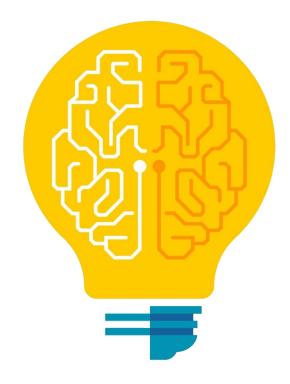
# Key Takeaways

- Motivational interviewing is a tool that helps patients facilitate behavior change
- Providers can use various approaches to empower the patient to make long-lasting changes in weight management
- Helping patients recognize emotional/physical triggers can help build awareness, leading to behavior change



## Questions?

• Please feel free to unmute your microphone or type your questions in the chat!





## Patient Information: Female, 54 Years Old, She/Hers

## Main Question: What are some weight loss strategies for patient with SMI/cognitive impairment and and serious co-morbidity of idiopathic intracranial hypertension with optic nerve edema?

#### **Medical Background:**

#### **Pertinent Medical History/Diagnoses:**

- Idiopathic intracranial hypertension
- Optic nerve edema
- Class 3 obesity
- Hyperlipidemia
- GERD
- Overactive Bladder
- Undifferentiated schizophrenia
- Anxiety

#### **Medications:**

- acetazolamide 500 mg BID
- atorvastatin 40 mg daily
- benztropine 0.5 mg daily
- buproprion SR 100 mg QHS
- clonazepam 0.5 mg BID
- metformin ER 500 mg BID
- omeprazole 40 mg daily
- oxybutynin ER 5 mg daily
- risperidone 8 mg daily

#### **Physical Examination:**

- BMI 41
- TSH 3.970
- A1C 5.3
- LDLc 78
- Patient has lost 16 pounds in the past year and a half since engaging with bariatrics.

#### **Lifestyle History:**

- Patient lives in supportive housing where she has assistance with medication and receives subsidized meals.
- Has her own room with a small refrigerator and microwave, but without her own kitchen/access to a kitchen.
- Eats breakfast at lunch at her residence, typically take out for dinner. In the last 6 months has reduced packaged foods/snack and soda.
- Participates in limited physical activity secondary to knee pain.

#### **Social/Cultural Factors**

- Highest level of education is high school
- Neurodiverse
- Disabled

#### **Current Treatment Plan/Regime**

- Encouragement to increase fresh fruits, vegetables, whole grains, lean proteins and limit processed/packaged foods and sugary drinks.
- Encouragement to increase daily activity to at least 30 minutes of walking daily.
- Referred to bariatrics. Patient declining surgical intervention, but has continued to see bariatrics team for nutritional counseling.
- Insurance has denied GLP-1.

## Thank You

- ECHO Session 6 takes place on: Thursday, December 12<sup>th</sup> at 1:00 PM EST/10:00 AM PST
- Please complete your session evaluation to claim your CME credit

